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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/608,257	06/27/2003	Guy P. Vanney	0B-044301US	8338	
	7590 06/08/200 R & ASSOC., LLC	7	EXAMINER		
P O BOX 33	•		PEFFLEY, MICHAEL F		
HAMEL, MN 55340-0033			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3739		
	•				
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/08/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/608,257	VANNEY ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Michael Peffley	3739				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address				
Period fo	• •						
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Densions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period rure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABAND	FION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[X]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 M	farch 2007					
2a) □		s action is non-final.					
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowa		prosecution as to the merits is				
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under E	•	·				
Dispositi	ion of Claims		,				
4) 🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
,_	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3,4,10 and 13</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	S) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
) Claim(s) <u>1 and 5-9, 11, 12 and 14-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	<u> </u>						
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)🖂	The drawing(s) filed on 6-27-03 is/are: a) ⊠ ac	ccepted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is	s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d	l).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Of	fice Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		·				
	1. Certified copies of the priority document		ination N'a				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority		•				
	application from the International Bureau	•	eived in this National Stage				
* 0	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , ,	eived				
		or the definion dopies her rec					
Attachmen	ot(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	∧ □ <u></u>					
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Sumr Paper No(s)/Ma	mary (P10-413) ail Date				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	· 💳 .	nal Patent Application				
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

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Finality Withdrawn

The examiner of record has found art deemed to meet the limitations of certain claims. Therefore, the previous Final Office action of November 30, 2006 is hereby vacated. The following action is non-final and includes a new grounds of rejection. It is noted that claims 3, 4, 10 and 13 remain withdrawn from consideration.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Swartz et al (6,080,151).

Swartz et al disclose a catheter apparatus that includes a shaft (21) with an active portion at the distal end of the shaft. Swartz et al provide a plurality of lumens for carrying fluids and wires, and the cross-sectional views of the Figures show that the distal portion is asymmetric. The instant application claims do not point out what specific asymmetry is provided on the catheter device. A cross section that is not symmetrical, as is the case with the Swartz et al device, is deemed to meet the limitations of claim 8.

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Claims 1, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Underwood et al (6,620,155).

Underwood et al disclose a device that comprises a catheter shaft (312 – Figure 17) having proximal and distal portions. The distal portion is adapted to be inserted into a body cavity to ablate tissue and has a flattened outer peripheral wall (350,352) including electrodes that may be placed against tissue for ablation. Figure 17 shows the distal portion to be "D-shaped". With particular regard to claim 8, Underwood et al also disclose a lumen (360) for the passage of fluid.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Underwood et al ('155).

Underwood et al has been addressed above. While Underwood et al provide the same "D-shaped" distal end for the catheter device, there is no specific mention of the aspect ratio for the distal end of the "D-shaped" catheter. This aspect ratio is deemed to be an obvious design consideration that would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Applicant's specification fails to provide any criticality or unexpected result associated with the claimed aspect ratio, and the examiner maintains that arriving at

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any desired ratio would be well within the purview of the skilled artisan. It is also noted that the Underwood et al device may inherently be within the same aspect ratio range, but that Underwood et al simply fail to specifically disclose an aspect ratio for that portion of the device. To have provided the Underwood et al device with any desired aspect ratio to vary the treatment area size would have been an obvious design consideration for one of ordinary skill in the art.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1, 5-9, 11, 12 and 14-18 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-24 of U.S. Patent No. 6,960,207. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant application claims are broader in scope and recite the same general limitations in a slightly altered order.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Peffley whose telephone number is (571) 272-4770. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 6am-3pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda Dvorak can be reached on (571) 272-4764. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Michael Peffley/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 3739

mp May 29, 2007